LOYOLA COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), CHENNAI – 600 034

UDEAT LUCK VESTIGA

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION – **ENGLISH**

FIFTH SEMESTER – APRIL 2024

UEL 5601 - ENGLISH FOR CAREER EXAMS

Date: 13-04-2024	Dept. No.	Max.: 100 Marks
Time: 09:00 AM - 12:00	NOON	

	SECTION A - K1 (CO1)				
	Answer ALL the Questions $(10 \times 1 = 10)$				
1.	Match the following				
a)	Paleography - The study of rocks and soil				
b)	Geology - The study of ancient writing and scriptures				
c)	Shoal - Someone who speaks more than one language				
<u>d)</u>	Polyglot - The one who knows everything				
e)	Omniscient - A number of fish swimming together				
2.	Choose the correct idiom				
a)					
	a) afraid of b) expecting with pleasure c) expecting d) confident of				
b)	They got on well with each other the moment they met.				
	a) had an agreement b) had a misunderstanding c) had a friendly relationship d) fell in love				
c)	He had to eat humble pie for his intense rudeness.				
	a) earn praise b) suffer humiliation c) modest behaviour d) determine				
d)	I was taken aback when he proposed to marry my daughter.				
	a) surprised b) pleased c) hurt d) shocked				
e)	When he left he was extremely disappointed. I think he's gone for good.				
	a) to seek good fortune b) to a good place c) to a foreign country d) permanently.				
	SECTION A - K2 (CO1)				
	Answer ALL the Questions (10 x 1 =				
	10)				
3.	Fill in the blanks				
a)	The teacher gave students good — (advise/advice)				
b)	The artist painted the picture on his best — (Stationery/ Stationary)				
c)	I would like to — his wishes. (accommodate/ accomodate)				
d)	Einstein's theory of relativity was — (brillient/ brilliant)				
e)	I borrowed — rupees. (Fourty/forty)				
4.	Spot the error				
a)	No sooner did I open the door (a) / when the rain, heavy and stormy, rushed in (b) / making us shiver from head to toe (c) / No error (d)				
b)	The manager of the bank was busy; (a)/ so he asked them to come and (b) / see him between two				
	to three in the afternoon (c) / No error (d)				
c)	Even though the shirt is rather expensive (a) / but I wish to (b) / purchase it with my own money				
	(c) / no error (d)				
d)	The reason for (a) / his failure is because (b) / he did not work hard (c) / No error (d)				
e)	Neither the famine (A) / or the subsequent fire (b) / was able to destroy the spirit of the people (c)/				
	No error (d)				
SECTION B - K3 (CO2)					
Ans	wer any TWO of the following in 100 words each. $(2 \times 10 = 20)$				
5.	Reading Comprehension Secularism is the very soul of Indian society and democracy. India has a tradition of co-existence,				

tolerance, cooperation, and mutual respect between all its social and religious groups. Islam came to India with Muslim conquerors. A large number of natives turned Muslims over the period and presently they make up the second-largest community of our nation. The contribution of Islam to Indian culture and civilization has been spectacular. It added variety, colour and richness to native heritage. Islam enriched India with architectural wonders, the most precious being 'Tajmahal', the symbol of aesthetic India. Christianity had preceded Islam to India. St. Thomas, the twelve disciples of Christ arrived in India to preach his message when St. Peter was in Rome. Paris came to India in the 8th century to escape from religious persecution in Iran. They brought Zoroastrianism. Jews sailed to India 2000 years ago to settle down in Mumbai, Pune, Kochi, and Delhi. Hinduism itself was a religious conglomeration of thousands of sects having distinct beliefs, rituals, customs, and practices. Three nearly different religions branched out of it, namely, Buddhism, Jainism, and Sikhism having separate places of worship and holy books. In all, India remained a shining example of unity in diversity, nowhere else found in the world.

Honouring this eternal spirit of India, our constitution makers declared our nation to be a secular state without any discrimination. Although the people of our country are deeply religious yet they don't harbour any ill will or intolerance against other faiths. Even during the freedom struggle, the leaders who led it made secularism a basic policy to rally all the people against the British. The secular polity was fiercely strengthened by Mahatma Gandhi. Himself a deeply religious Hindu, he had great respect for all other religions and faiths.

To divide the Indians, the colonial rulers tried to destroy the file spirit of secularism by aiding and abetting communal forces. Some of our people forgot that sacred tradition and played in the hands of the British. Our country paid a terrible price for that lapse. India got divided into two nations and we lost the father of the nation, Mahatma Gandhi to the bullets of a degenerated fanatic who had no use for our secular legacy. It should teach us a lesson that only a secular spirit will keep India going.

Answer the following questions:

- 1 What has been the tradition of India?
- 2 Which religions came to India from abroad?
- 3 What is the most precious gift of Islam to our country?
- 4 What has India been the shining example of?
- 5 What price India paid for its lapse in secularism?

6. **Reading Comprehension**

In the year of 1945, the United Nations Organization came into being as the successor of the League of Nations. It began with fifty nations as its members but now it has 185 member nations accounting for almost all the countries of the entire earth except Switzerland. The nations are the members of the UN General Assembly, the world body's chief deliberate organ. All the other wings are answerable to it through annual and special periodical reports submitted for its consideration. The General Assembly discusses the reports and gives its approvals, elects the General Secretary and the judges of the International court of Justice, admits new members to the Assembly, and also elects the non-permanent members of various councils. There are the Economic and Social Council, The Trusteeship council besides the International Court, General Assembly and the Security Council. The General Secretary is the Chief Administrative Office of the world body who heads the UN Secretariat. He presides over the General Assembly meetings and those of other organs of the U.N.

In addition to the above main organs, the UNO has several other specialized agencies like ILO (International Labour Organization), UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization), UNCTAD (United Nations Council for Trade And Development), WHO (World Health Organization), etc. These agencies help the parent body in working out agreements on various- related matters to them and in achieving different objectives and goals. WHO, for example, plans steps to achieve the highest possible level of good health of the entire human population of the earth.

Answer the following questions related to the above passage:

- 1 How many members the General Assembly now has?
- 2 Which country is not a member of the UNO?
- 3 Through what the other organs of the General Assembly are answerable to it?
- 4 Through what office does the General Secretary function?

5 What does UNESCO stand for?

7. **Analytical Reasoning**

- i) 125,80,45,20,?
- 5 B) 8 C) 10 C) 12
- ii) Paw: Cat:: Hoof:?

Lamb B) Elephant C) Lion D) Horse

- iiii) Arrange the words given below in a meaningful sequence
- 1. Poverty 2. Population 3. Death 4. Unemployment 5. Disease
- 2, 3, 4, 5, 1 B) 3, 4, 2, 5, 1 C) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3 D) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- iv) Pointing to a person, a man said to a woman, "His mother is the only daughter of your father." How was the woman related to the person?
- A) Aunt
- B) Mother
- C) Wife
- D) Daughter

v) Verify the truth

Which one of the following is always found in 'Bravery'?

A. Experience B. Power C.Courage D. Knowledge

8. Rearrange the sentences

- (i) is the shortest / in the class / girl / Emma
- (ii) your help / We need / the project / to finish
- (iii) cleaning / The toilet / a thorough / needed
- (iv) is exciting / Learning / every day / new things
- (v) clean and shiny / keeps / She always / her car
- (vi) learning english / I have / for a long time / been
- (vii) the furniture / We will sell / in the market / tomorrow
- (viii) flowers / bought / these / Who / beautiful
- (ix) the desert / A camel / carries / through / travelers
- (x) provides / summer day / The tree / shade on a

SECTION C – K4 (CO3)

Answer any TWO of the following in 100 words each.

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

9. 1) Rearrange the jumbled passage

- A. Somewhere in the 90', women were encouraged to join the office cadre in the Indian Army, which can be considered as a major breakthrough in women's empowerment.
- B. Though work place evils such as harassment and gender bias continue to create obstacles, today's working woman does not fear to voice her opinion or seek resolution with calculated sensibility.
- C. Kalpana Chawla and Sunita Williams marked the foray of Indian women into space.
- D. Other unconventional careers, which have opened their doors to the Indian woman include pilots, cab, drivers and bus conductors
- 2) Rearrange the jumbled lines
- A. However, we all helped in the first few days.
- B. Surajpur is a rural area.
- C. Mohan was transferred to his office a few days back.
- D. In the beginning, adjusting to the city life was not easy for Mohan.
- E. Now, Mohan enjoys the company of his colleagues.
- F. Earlier, he was working in the Surajpur branch of our company

10. Cloze Test

Her talk was full of wit and humor. She ...1... reading novels, newspapers. She was a2....reader and would pore over books....3....she had never seen them before. She used to start her day ...4... the newspaper and ...5.... her day reading a novel.

- A) Liked B) loved C) were D) have
- A)Passionate B) skilled C) friendly D) claver
- A) so B) when C) as D)as if
- A) bringing B) reading C) watching D) engaging
- A) end B) close C) open D) down

	B. Coze test	
	It has been found that the cost of a manned mission is around fifty times more than an unmanned	
	mission. So, for scientific exploration alone1 missions with machine intelligence are2	
	However, there may be3 reasons for exploring space4 social, economical,	
	political, cultural or5	
	A)lunar B) manned C)unmanned D)space	
	A) disliked B)preferred C) opted D)used	
	A) various B) only C) lots D) few	
	A)till B) such as C) or D) and	
	A) unpredictable B) formal C) casual D) commercial	
11.	A. Write a precis of the following passage	
	Religion is based, I think, primarily and mainly on fear. It is partly the terror of the unknown and	
	partly the wish to feel that you have a kind of elder brother who will stand by in all your troubles	
	and disputes. Fear is the basis of the whole thing-fear of the mysterious, fear of defeat, fear of	
	death. Fear is the parent of cruelty and therefore, it is no wonder if cruelty and religion go hand in	
	hand. It is because fear is at the basis of those two things. In this world we can now be a little to	
	understand things and to master them with the help of Science, which has forced its ways step by	
	step against Christian religion: against the churches, and against the opposition of all the old	
	precepts. Science can help us to get over this grave fear in which mankind has lived for so many	
	generations. Science can teach us no longer to invent allies in the sky, but rather to look to our	
	own efforts here below to make this world a fit place to live in.	
	B. Write a precis of the following passage Charity is a universal duty which it is in every man's newers compatings to practice since every	
	Charity is a universal duty, which it is in every man's powers sometimes to practice, since every	
	degree of assistance given to another on proper motives, is an act of charity; and there is scarcely	
	any man in such a state of weakness that he may not on some occasion benefit his neighbor. He	
	that can not relieve the poor may instruct the ignorant, and he that can not attend the sick may	
	reclaim the vicious. He that can give little assistance himself may yet perform the duty of charity	
	by inflaming the ardor of others and recommending the petitions which he can not grant, to those	
	who have more power to bestow. The widow that shall give her mite to the treasury, and the poor	
	man who shall bring to the thirsty a cup of cold water, shall not lose their reward.	
12.	Write a paragraph on the topics (i) Love is universal (ii) Your favourite Social Thinker	
SECTION D – K5 (CO4)		
Ans	wer any ONE of the following in 250 words $(1 \times 20 = 20)$	
13.	Evaluate the skills required for a successful Interview.	
14.	List out dos and don'ts in Group Discussion.	
SECTION E – K6 (CO5)		
Ans	wer any ONE of the following in 250 words $(1 \times 20 = 20)$	

15. Write an essay on the topic 'Saving water is the need of the hour'.

16. Attempt an essay on the Importance of Education.